Data Pipelines for Data Analytics

Some supplemental slides – 2025-03-12

Analysis in the Pre-Digital Age vs. Analysis in the Digital Age

Then:

 only people could carry out the activity of analysis and the components of an analysis process

Then:

- a given analysis of a situation was typically a one-time, one-off activity
- a single person might carry out 'an analysis' and then move on

Now:

- we can distill the essence of an analysis process into an algorithm
- we can automate analytical activities and its supporting process
- we have analysis machines

Now:

 we can expect that we will probably want to repeat variations of the same analysis over and over on new data that is streaming in on a regular basis

Also now: Reasoning Machines*

- Formalizing reasoning and analysis allows us to **automate it**, by programming it into computers.
- We can reframe reasoning as a process that takes inputs
 (premises/observations/ evidence) and produces outputs (conclusions).
- By automating this process, we can get machines to carry out reasoning for us.
- The result could(?) be more reliable, dependable, consistent.
- Data is fuel for these machines. BUT: **garbage in, garbage out**! Weak premises in, possibly false conclusion out!

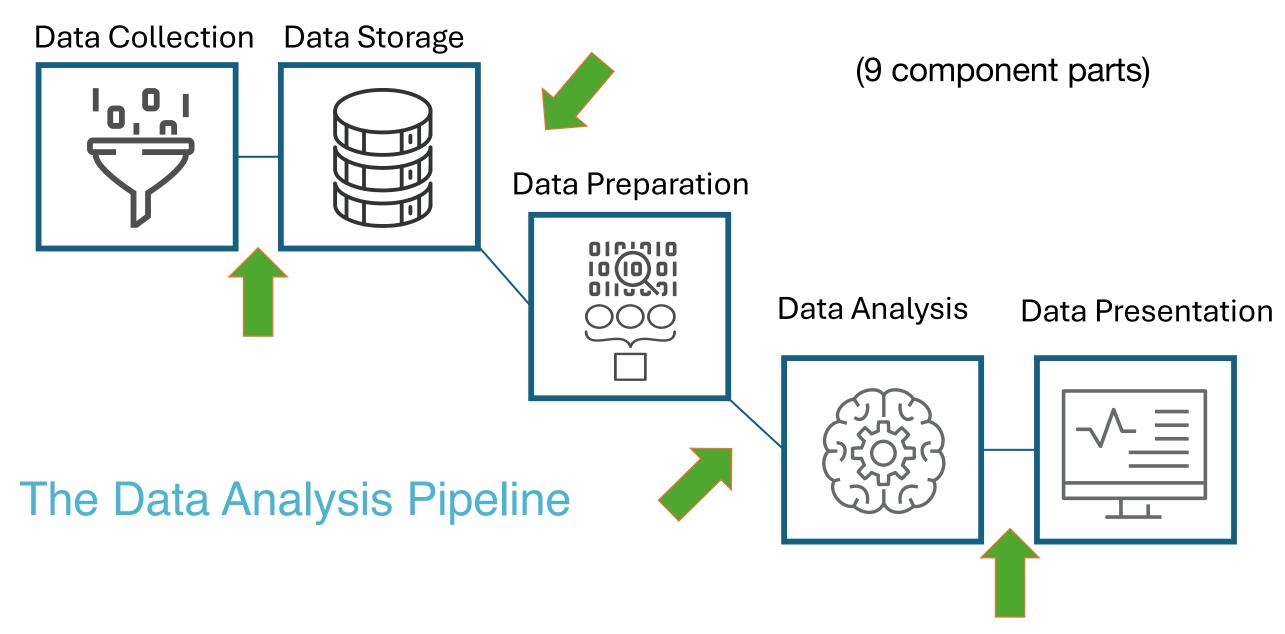
^{*}Here I don't mean generative AI (e.g. ChatGPT). There are different types of AI that carry out reasoning tasks.

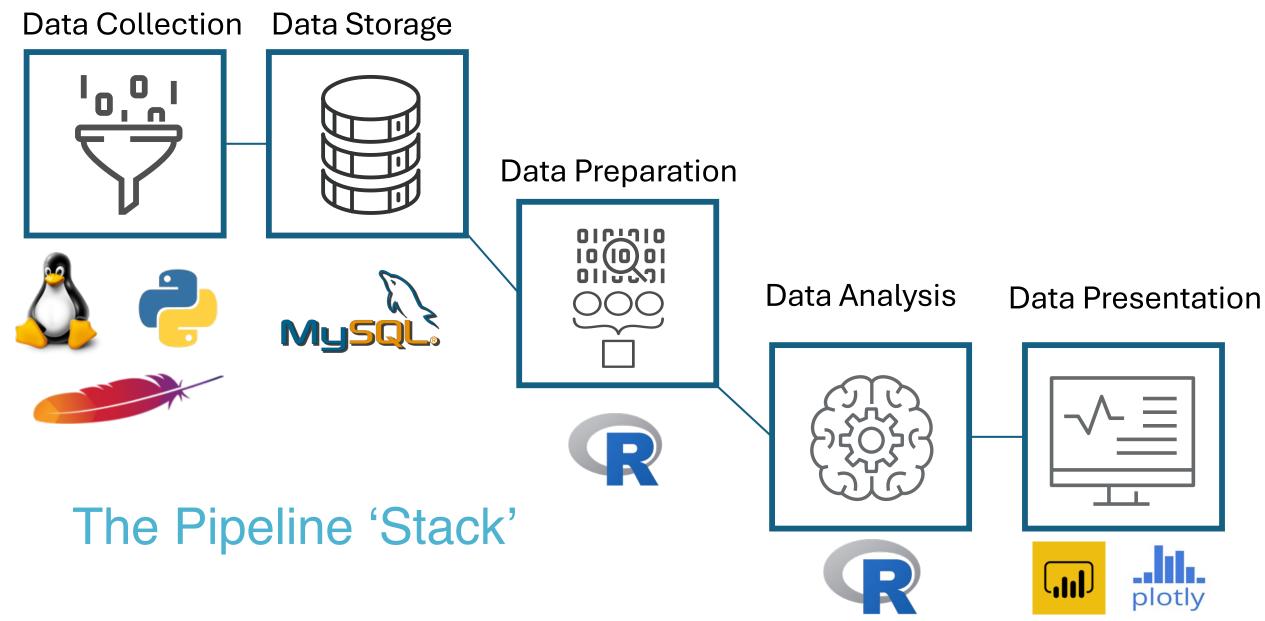
Increasing importance of data pipelines...

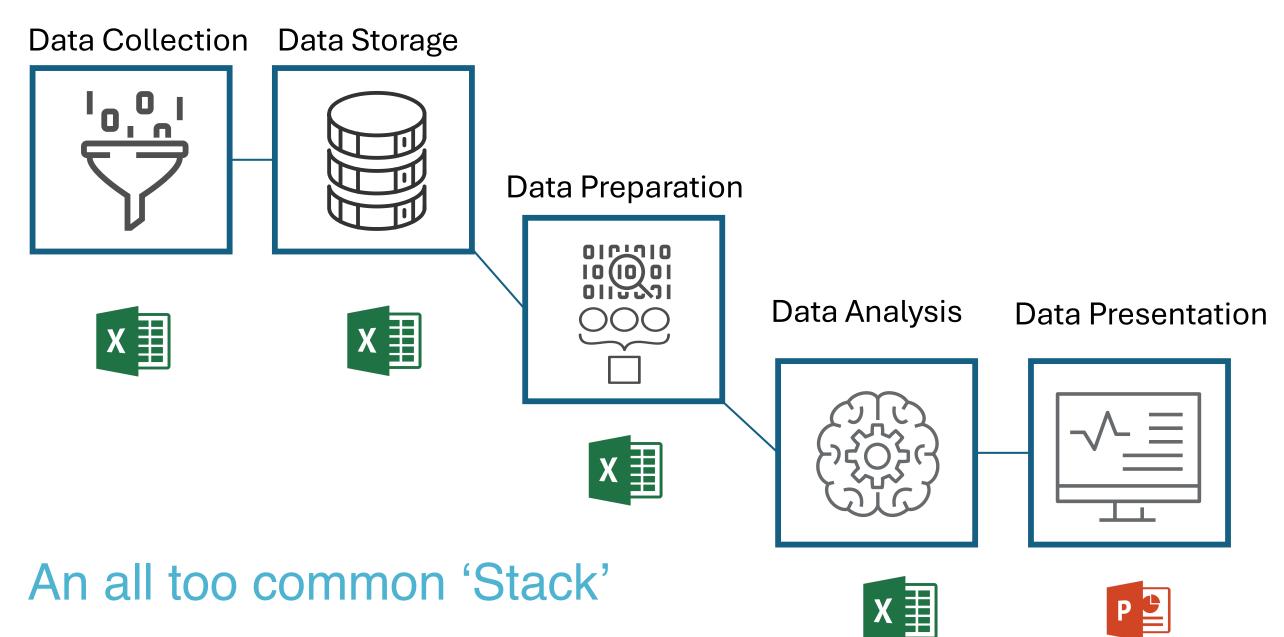
Desktop Data Analysis

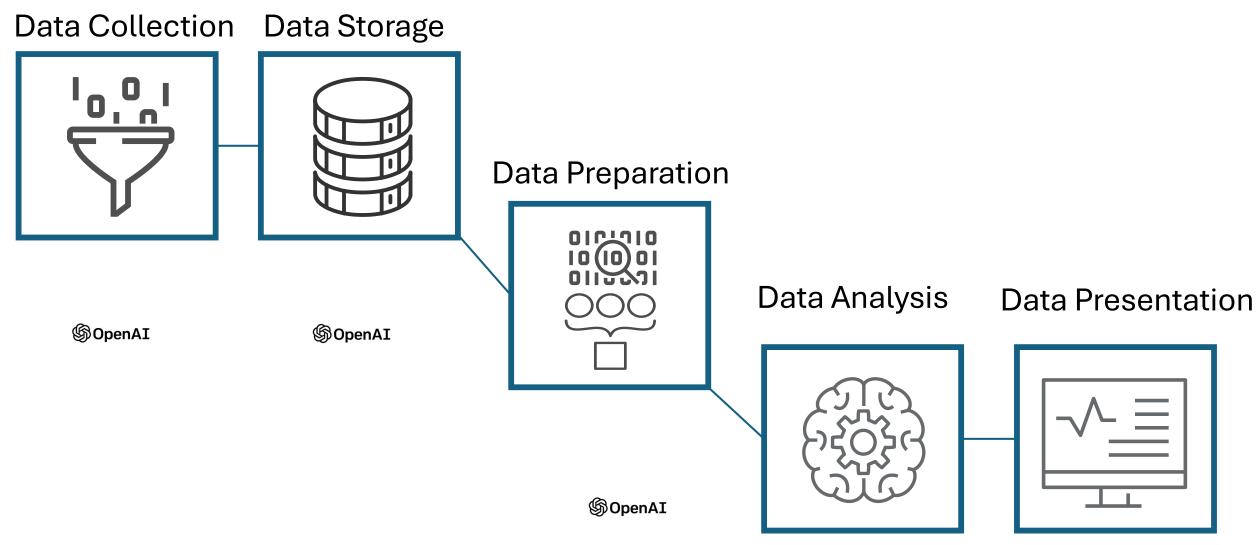
- Business Intelligence needs are pushing the development of desktop data analysis tools and pipelines, such as:
 - PowerBI
 - Tableau
- Democratization of data + increase in data/digital literacy.
- This is likely going to push organizations forward as well.
- Not necessarily a substitute for 'industrial' or 'professional' data pipelines.











A Stack of the Future?

\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{OpenAI}}}\$

MOpenAI

Data Pipeline Technologies – Maturity Levels

On-Premises (LAN)

Shared Directory + Excel + Power Point + 'Desktop' Access

Desktop DataScience:

Desktop PowerBI SQL-Lite (Desktop) MS Access Stand-Alone In-House DBMS – Read + Write

Server Based End-to-End Automated Pipeline Tech: On-Premises Azure, On-Premises IBM RedHat **Public Cloud**

Server Based End-to-End Automated Pipeline Tech: On-Premises Azure, On-Premises IBM RedHat

End-to-end SaaS data pipelines: e.g., COTS Pachyderm or more bespoke: e.g., SaaSCoder **Private Cloud**

Home Brewed Solutions using Servers Stood Up on Cloud – e.g., AWS, GCP

End-to-End Cloud Data Pipeline Infrastructure (Serverless/NoServer): AWS, GCP, Azure

Semi-Pro

Amateur

Professional

Pipeline Creation Phases

- 1. Research + Design
- 2. Implementation
- 3. Testing
- 4. Production + Management
- 5. Back to Research + Design





Data Scientist or Data Engineer?

- Common data analogy: "Data is the new oil."
- Data scientist: expert on what flows through the pipeline the data
- **Data engineer**: expert on how to build the pipeline itself the IT infrastructure
- Do you need a data engineer or a data scientist?
- Trick question you (probably) need both!



Data Science – A Team Sport*



*still the case with GenAl...

Coming back around to decision support

- What is produced by the pipeline (comes out the end of the pipeline) must reflect or represent reality (ground truth) adequately.
- AND ALSO the data presentation piece must be relevant to the decision makers.
- AND ALSO the data presentation piece must be understandable by and impactful for the decision makers.
- If not, all of the work put into the pipeline may not be worth it!